## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

S SENATE BILL 607

Short Title:	Equal Pay Act. (Public
Sponsors:	Senators Salvador, Garrett, and Chitlik (Primary Sponsors).
Referred to:	Rules and Operations of the Senate
	March 26, 2025
BASIS C The General	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED D PROHIBIT DISCRIMINATION IN THE PAYMENT OF WAGES ON THE THE GENDER OF THE EMPLOYEE. Assembly of North Carolina enacts: ECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "North Carolina Equa
-	ECTION 2. Article 2A of Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by addin
a new section	
	. Discrimination in payment of wages on basis of gender of employed
_	rohibited.
<u>(a)</u> <u>D</u>	efinitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:  Omparable work. – Work that is substantially similar in that it requires
<u>(2</u>	substantially similar skill, effort, and responsibility and is performed under similar working conditions; however, a job title or job description alone does not determine comparability.
	differentials, physical surroundings, and hazards encountered in performing
	job.
	omparable Pay Required. – No employer shall discriminate in any way on the basi
	the payment of salary or wages, including benefits and other compensation, or pa
	alary or wage rates less than the rates paid to employees of a different gender for
	work, except that the following variations in salary and wages, including benefits of
-	nsation, are not prohibited by this section if the variations are based upon:  A bona fide system that rewards seniority with the employer, if time spent of
<u>(1</u>	leave due to a pregnancy-related condition and protected parental, family, an medical leave shall not reduce seniority.
<u>(2</u>	A bona fide merit system.
<u>(3</u>	
	production or sales.
<u>(</u> 2	
<u>(</u>	
	related to the particular job in question and consistent with business necessity



the pay of any employee in order to comply with this section.

An employer who is paying a wage differential in violation of this section shall not reduce

Travel, if the travel is a regular and necessary condition of the particular job.

- (c) <u>Unlawful Practices. It is an unlawful practice for an employer to do any of the following:</u>
  - (1) Require, as a condition of employment, that an employee refrain from inquiring about, discussing, or disclosing information about either the employee's own wages, including benefits or other compensation, or about any other employee's wages.
  - (2) Screen job applicants based upon their wage, including benefits or other compensation, or salary histories, including by requiring that an applicant's prior wages, including benefits or other compensation or salary history, satisfy minimum or maximum criteria.
  - (3) Seek the salary history of any prospective employee from any current or former employer. A prospective employee may provide written authorization to a prospective employer to confirm prior wages only after any offer of employment with compensation has been made to the prospective employee.
  - (4) Discharge or in any manner retaliate against any employee because the employee (i) opposed any act or practice made unlawful by this section, (ii) made or is about to make a complaint or has caused or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding under this section, (iii) testified or is about to testify, assist, or participate in any manner in an investigation or proceeding under this section, or (iv) disclosed the employee's wages, benefits, or other compensation or has inquired about or discussed the wages of any other employee.
- d) Violations. Any employer who violates this section shall be liable to the employee affected in the amount of the employee's unpaid salary or wages, including benefits or other compensation. Any agreement between the employer and an employee to work for less than the wage to which the employee is entitled under this section shall be no defense to an action. An employee's previous wage or salary history shall not be a defense to an action. The court may, in addition to any judgment awarded to the plaintiff, allow a reasonable attorneys' fee and the costs of the action to be paid by the defendant.

Any action arising under this section shall be commenced within three years after the date of the alleged violation. For the purposes of this section, a violation occurs when (i) a discriminatory compensation decision is made or other practice is adopted, (ii) an employee becomes subject to a discriminatory compensation decision or other practice, or (iii) an employee is affected by application of a discriminatory compensation decision or practice, including each time wages, benefits, or other compensation are paid, resulting in whole or in part from such a decision or practice.

- (e) Notices. Employers shall post a notice in their workplaces notifying employees of their rights under this section. The notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place in at least one location where employees congregate."
  - **SECTION 3.** This act becomes effective January 1, 2026.