

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2025

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SENATE BILL 346

Short Title: Good Samaritan Law/Immunity. (Public)

Sponsors: Senators Sawrey, Lazzara, and Jones (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to: Rules and Operations of the Senate

March 20, 2025

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
AN ACT TO PROVIDE LIMITED IMMUNITY FOR CERTAIN ACTIONS TAKEN BY  
PERSONS SEEKING MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FOR DRUG- AND  
ALCOHOL-RELATED OVERDOSES AND TO BROADEN LIMITED IMMUNITY FOR  
CERTAIN COVERED OFFENSES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.(a)** G.S. 90-96.2 reads as rewritten:  
**"§ 90-96.2. Drug-related overdose treatment; limited immunity.**

(a) As used in this section, "drug-related overdose" means an acute condition, including mania, hysteria, extreme physical illness, coma, or death resulting from the consumption or use of a controlled substance, or another substance with which a controlled substance was combined, and that a layperson would reasonably believe to be a drug overdose that requires medical assistance.

(b) Limited Immunity for Samaritan. – A person shall not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for any of the offenses listed in subsection (c3) of this section if all of the following requirements and conditions are met:

- (1) The person sought medical assistance or assisted in seeking medical assistance for an individual experiencing a drug-related overdose by contacting the 911 system, campus security services, a law enforcement officer, or emergency medical services personnel.
- (2) The person acted in good faith when seeking medical assistance or when assisting a person in seeking medical assistance, upon a reasonable belief that ~~he or she~~ the person was the first to call for assistance.
- (3) The person provided his or her own name to the 911 system or to a law enforcement officer upon arrival.
- (4) The person did not seek the medical assistance or assist in seeking the medical assistance during the course of the execution of an arrest warrant, search warrant, or other lawful search.
- (5) The evidence for prosecution of the offenses listed in subsection (c3) of this section was obtained as a result of the person seeking medical assistance or assisting in seeking medical assistance for the drug-related overdose.

(c) Limited Immunity for Overdose Victim. – The immunity described in subsection (b) of this section shall extend to the person who experienced the drug-related ~~overdose~~ overdose, whether that person is the subject of another person's request for medical assistance or whether that person requested medical assistance for himself or herself, if all of the requirements and conditions listed in subdivisions (1), (2), (4), and (5) of subsection (b) of this section are satisfied.



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(c1) Probation or Release. – A person shall not be subject to arrest or revocation of pretrial release, probation, parole, or post-release if the arrest or revocation is based on an offense for which the person is immune from prosecution under subsection (b) or (c) of this section. The arrest of a person for an offense for which subsection (b) or (c) of this section may provide the person with immunity will not itself be deemed to be a commission of a new criminal offense in violation of a condition of the person's pretrial release, condition of probation, or condition of parole or post-release.

(c2) Civil Liability for Arrest or Charges. – In addition to any other applicable immunity or limitation on civil liability, a law enforcement officer who, acting in good faith, arrests or charges a person who is thereafter determined to be entitled to immunity under this section shall not be subject to civil liability for the arrest or filing of charges.

(c3) Covered Offenses. – A person shall have limited immunity from prosecution under subsections (b) and (c) of this section for only the following offenses:

- (1) A ~~misdemeanor~~ violation of G.S. 90-95(a)(3).
  - (2) A felony violation of G.S. 90-95(a)(3) for possession of less than one gram of any controlled substance.
  - (3) Repealed by Session Laws 2023-123, s. 3, effective December 1, 2023, and applicable to offenses committed on or after that date.
  - (4) A violation of G.S. 90-113.22.
- (d) Construction. – Nothing in this section shall be construed to do any of the following:
- (1) Bar the admissibility of any evidence obtained in connection with the investigation and prosecution of (i) other crimes committed by a person who otherwise qualifies for limited immunity under this section or (ii) any crimes committed by a person who does not qualify for limited immunity under this section.
  - (2) Limit any seizure of evidence or contraband otherwise permitted by law.
  - (3) Limit or abridge the authority of a law enforcement officer to detain or take into custody a person in the course of an investigation of, or to effectuate an arrest for, any offense other than an offense listed in subsection (c3) of this section.
  - (4) Limit or abridge the authority of a probation officer to conduct drug testing of persons on pretrial release, probation, or parole."

**SECTION 1.(b)** G.S. 18B-302.2 reads as rewritten:

**"§ 18B-302.2. Medical treatment; limited immunity.**

(a) Limited Immunity for Samaritan. – Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person under the age of 21 shall not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of G.S. 18B-302 for the possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages if all of the following requirements and conditions are met:

- (1) The person sought medical assistance or assisted in seeking medical assistance for an individual experiencing an alcohol-related overdose by contacting the 911 system, a law enforcement officer, campus security services, or emergency medical services personnel.
- (1a) The person acted in good faith when seeking medical or when assisting a person in seeking medical assistance, upon a reasonable belief that ~~he or she~~ the person was the first to call for assistance.
- (2) The person provided his or her own name to the 911 system or to a law enforcement officer upon arrival.
- ...
- (4) The person did not seek the medical assistance or assist in seeking the medical assistance during the course of the execution of an arrest warrant, search warrant, or other lawful search.

(5) The evidence for prosecution of a violation of G.S. 18B-302 for the possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages was obtained as a result of the person seeking medical assistance or assisting in seeking medical assistance for the alcohol-related overdose.

(b) Limited Immunity for Overdose Victim. – The immunity described in subsection (a) of this section shall extend to the person who needed medical ~~assistance~~ assistance, whether that person is the subject of another person's request for medical assistance or whether that person requested medical assistance for himself or herself, if the requirements in subdivisions (1), (1a), (4), and (5) of subsection (a) are satisfied.

(c) Probation or Release. – A person shall not be subject to arrest or revocation of pretrial release, probation, parole, or post-release if the arrest or revocation is based on an offense for which the person is immune from prosecution under subsection (a) or (b) of this section. The arrest of a person for an offense for which subsection (a) or (b) of this section may provide the person with immunity will not itself be deemed to be a commission of a new criminal offense in violation of a condition of the person's pretrial release, condition of probation, or condition of parole or post-release.

(d) Civil Liability for Arrest or Charges. – In addition to any other applicable immunity or limitation on civil liability, a law enforcement officer who, acting in good faith, arrests or charges a person who is thereafter determined to be entitled to immunity under this section shall not be subject to civil liability for the arrest or filing of charges."

**SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2025, and applies to acts or omissions on or after that date.