

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2011

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SENATE BILL 749
Transportation Committee Substitute Adopted 4/28/11
House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/13/12

Short Title: Various Motor Vehicle Law Changes.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 20, 2011

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE STATE'S LAWS PERTAINING TO TRANSPORTATION.
3 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

4 **SECTION 1.** G.S. 20-7(s) reads as rewritten:

5 "(s) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (b1) of this section that an applicant
6 present a valid social security number, the Division shall issue a drivers license of limited
7 duration, under subsection (f) of this section, to an applicant present in the United States who
8 holds valid documentation issued by, or under the authority of, the United States government
9 that demonstrates the applicant's legal presence of limited duration in the United States if the
10 applicant presents that valid documentation and meets all other requirements for a license of
11 limited duration. Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (n) of this section addressing
12 background colors and borders, a drivers license of limited duration issued under this section
13 shall bear a distinguishing mark or other designation on the face of the license clearly denoting
14 the limited duration of the license."

15 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 20-51(6) reads as rewritten:

16 "(6) Any trailer or semitrailer attached to and drawn by a properly licensed motor
17 vehicle when used by a farmer, his tenant, agent, or employee in transporting
18 unginne cotton, peanuts, soybeans, corn, hay, tobacco, silage, cucumbers,
19 potatoes, all vegetables, fruits, greenhouse and nursery plants and flowers,
20 Christmas trees, livestock, live poultry, animal waste, pesticides, seeds,
21 fertilizers or chemicals purchased or owned by the farmer or tenant for
22 personal use in implementing husbandry, irrigation pipes, loaders, or
23 equipment owned by the farmer or tenant from place to place on the same
24 farm, from one farm to another, from farm to gin, from farm to dryer, or
25 from farm to market, and when not operated on a for-hire basis. The term
26 "transporting" as used herein shall include the actual hauling of said products
27 and all unloaded travel in connection therewith."

28 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 20-51 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

29 "(17) A header trailer when transported to or from a dealer, or after a sale or
30 repairs, to the farm or another dealership."

31 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 20-88 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

32 "(m) Any vehicle weighing greater than the limits found in G.S. 20-118(b), as authorized
33 by G.S. 20-118(c)(12), (c)(14), and (c)(15), must be registered for the maximum weight
34 allowed for the vehicle configuration as listed in G.S. 20-118(b). A vehicle driven in violation
35 of this subsection is subject to the axle group penalties set out in G.S. 20-118(e). The penalties



1 apply to the amount by which the vehicle's maximum gross weight as listed in G.S. 20-118(b)
2 exceeds its declared weight."

3 **SECTION 5.** G.S. 20-116(j) reads as rewritten:

4 "(j) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the operation of self-propelled
5 grain combines or other self-propelled farm equipment with or without implements, not
6 exceeding 25 feet in width on any highway, ~~except a highway or section of highway that is a~~
7 ~~fully controlled access highway or is a part of the National System of Interstate and Defense~~
8 ~~Highways, unless the operation violates a provision of this subsection.~~ Farm equipment
9 includes a vehicle that is designed exclusively to transport compressed seed cotton from a farm
10 to a gin and has a self-loading bed. Combines or equipment which exceed 10 feet in width may
11 be operated only if they meet all of the conditions listed in this subsection. A violation of one
12 or more of these conditions does not constitute negligence per se.

13 (1) The equipment may only be operated during daylight hours.

14 (2) The equipment must display a red flag on front and rear ~~ends. ends or a~~
15 ~~flashing warning light. The flags shall not be smaller than three feet wide~~
16 ~~and four feet long. The flags or lights shall be attached to a stick, pole, staff,~~
17 ~~etc., not less than four feet long and they shall be attached to the equipment~~
18 as to be visible from both directions at all times while being operated on the
19 public highway for not less than 300 feet.

20 (3) Equipment covered by this section, which by necessity must travel more
21 than 10 miles or where by nature of the terrain or obstacles the flags or lights
22 referred to in subdivision (2) of this subsection are not visible from both
23 directions for 300 feet at any point along the proposed route, must be
24 preceded at a distance of 300 feet and followed at a distance of 300 feet by a
25 flagman in a vehicle having mounted thereon an appropriate warning light or
26 flag. No flagman in a vehicle shall be required pursuant to this subdivision if
27 the equipment is being moved under its own power or on a trailer from any
28 field to another field, or from the normal place of storage of the vehicle to
29 any field, for no more than ten miles and if visible from both directions for
30 300 feet at any point along the proposed route.

31 (4) Every piece of equipment so operated shall operate to the right of the center
32 line when meeting traffic coming from the opposite direction and at all other
33 times when possible and practical.

34 (5) Repealed by Session Laws 2008-221, s. 6, effective September 1, 2008.

35 (6) When the equipment is causing a delay in traffic, the operator of the
36 equipment shall move the equipment off the paved portion of the highway at
37 the nearest practical location until the vehicles following the equipment have
38 passed.

39 (7) The equipment shall be operated in the designed transport position that
40 minimizes equipment width. No removal of equipment or appurtenances is
41 required under this subdivision.

42 (8) Equipment covered by this subsection shall not be operated on a highway or
43 section of highway that is a fully controlled access highway or is a part of
44 the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways without
45 authorization from the North Carolina Department of Transportation. The
46 Department shall develop an authorization process and approve routes under
47 the following conditions:

48 a. Persons shall submit an application to the Department requesting
49 authorization to operate equipment covered by this subsection on a
50 particular route that is part of a highway or section of highway that is

- 1 a fully controlled access highway or is a part of the National System
 2 of Interstate and Defense Highways.
- 3 b. The Department shall have a period of 30 days from receipt of a
 4 complete application to approve or reject the application. A complete
 5 application shall be deemed approved if the Department does not
 6 take action within 30 days of receipt by the Department; such a route
 7 may then be used by the original applicant.
- 8 c. The Department shall approve an application upon a showing that the
 9 route is necessary to accomplish one or more of the following:
- 10 1. Prevent farming operations from traveling more than five
 11 miles longer than the requested route during the normal
 12 course of business.
- 13 2. Prevent excess traffic delays on local or secondary roads.
- 14 3. Allow farm equipment access due to dimension restrictions
 15 on local or secondary roads.
- 16 d. For applications that do not meet the requirements of sub-subdivision
 17 c. of this subdivision, the Department may also approve an
 18 application upon review of relevant safety factors.
- 19 e. The Department may consult with the North Carolina State Highway
 20 Patrol, the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer
 21 Services, or other parties concerning an application.
- 22 f. Any approved route may be subject to any of the following
 23 additional conditions:
- 24 1. A requirement that the subject equipment be followed by a
 25 flag vehicle with flashing lights that shall be operated at all
 26 times on the route so as to be visible from a distance of at
 27 least 300 feet.
- 28 2. Restrictions on maximum and minimum speeds of the
 29 equipment.
- 30 3. Restrictions on the maximum dimensions of the equipment.
- 31 4. Restrictions on the time of day that the equipment may be
 32 operated on the approved route.
- 33 g. The Department shall publish all approved routes, including any
 34 conditions on the routes' use, and shall notify appropriate State and
 35 local law enforcement officers of any approved route.
- 36 h. Once approved for use and published by the Department, a route may
 37 be used by any person who adheres to the route, including any
 38 conditions on the route's use imposed by the Department.
- 39 i. The Department may revise published routes as road conditions on
 40 the routes change."

41 **SECTION 6.** G.S. 20-118(c) reads as rewritten:

42 "(c) Exceptions. – The following exceptions apply to G.S. 20-118(b) and 20-118(e).

43 ...

- 44 (5) The light-traffic road limitations provided for pursuant to subdivision (b)(4)
 45 of this section do not apply to a vehicle while that vehicle is transporting
 46 only the following from its point of origin on a light-traffic road to either one
 47 of the two nearest highways that is not a light-traffic road. If that vehicle's
 48 point of origin is a non-light-traffic road and that road is blocked by
 49 light-traffic roads from all directions and is not contiguous with other
 50 non-light-traffic roads, then the road at point of origin is treated as a
 51 light-traffic road for purposes of this subdivision:

- 1 a. Processed or unprocessed seafood transported from boats or any
2 other point of origin to a processing plant or a point of further
3 distribution.
- 4 b. ~~Meats~~ Meats, live poultry, or agricultural crop products transported
5 from a farm to a processing plant or first-market.
- 6 c. Forest products originating and transported from a farm or from
7 woodlands to ~~first-market~~ without interruption or delay for further
8 packaging or processing after initiating transport.
- 9 d. Livestock or live poultry transported from their point of origin to a
10 processing plant or ~~first-market~~.
- 11 e. Livestock by-products or poultry by-products transported from their
12 point of origin to a rendering plant.
- 13 f. Recyclable material transported from its point of origin to a
14 scrap-processing facility for processing. As used in this subpart, the
15 terms "recyclable material" and "processing" have the same meaning
16 as in G.S. 130A-290(a).
- 17 g. Garbage collected by the vehicle from residences or garbage
18 dumpsters if the vehicle is fully enclosed and is designed specifically
19 for collecting, compacting, and hauling garbage from residences or
20 from garbage dumpsters. As used in this subpart, the term "garbage"
21 does not include hazardous waste as defined in G.S. 130A-290(a),
22 spent nuclear fuel regulated under G.S. 20-167.1, low-level
23 radioactive waste as defined in G.S. 104E-5, or radioactive material
24 as defined in G.S. 104E-5.
- 25 h. Treated sludge collected from a wastewater treatment facility.
- 26 i. Apples when transported from the orchard to the first processing or
27 packing point.
- 28 j. Trees grown as Christmas trees from the field, farm, stand, or
29 grove, and other forest products, including chips and bark, to
30 first a processing point.
- 31 k. Water, fertilizer, pesticides, seeds, fuel, and animal waste transported
32 to or from a farm by a farm vehicle as defined in G.S. 20-37.16(e)(3).
- 33 ...
- 34 (12) Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle or vehicle
35 combination that meets all of the conditions set out below:
- 36 a. ~~Is hauling agricultural crops from the farm where the crop is grown~~
37 ~~to any market~~ transporting any of the following items within 150
38 miles ~~of that farm, or is hauling live poultry from the farm where the~~
39 ~~live poultry is raised to any processing facility within 150 miles of~~
40 ~~that farm.~~ the point of origination:
- 41 1. Agriculture crop products transported from a farm to a
42 processing plant or market.
- 43 2. Water, fertilizer, pesticides, seeds, fuel, or animal waste
44 transported to or from a farm by a farm vehicle as defined in
45 G.S. 20-37.16(e)(3).
- 46 3. Meats, livestock, or live poultry transported from the farm
47 where they were raised to a processing plant or market.
- 48 4. Forest products originating and transported from a farm or
49 woodlands to market with delay interruption or delay for
50 further packaging or processing after initiating transport.

- e. ~~Is registered pursuant to G.S. 20-88 for the maximum weight allowed for the vehicle configuration as listed in subsection (b) of this section.~~
- (15) Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle or vehicle combination that meets all of the conditions below, but all other enforcement provisions of this Article remain applicable:
 - a. ~~Is hauling wood residuals, including wood chips, sawdust, mulch, or tree bark from any site; is hauling raw logs to first market; transporting bulk soil, bulk rock, sand, sand rock, or asphalt millings from a site that does not have a certified scale for weighing the vehicle; or is hauling animal waste products from the animal waste storage site to a farm or field.~~vehicle.
 - b. Does not operate on an interstate highway, a posted light-traffic road, except as provided by subdivision (c)(5) of this section, or exceed any posted bridge weight limits.
 - c. Does not exceed a maximum gross weight 4,000 pounds in excess of what is allowed in subsection (b) of this section.
 - d. Does not exceed a single-axle weight of more than 22,000 pounds and a tandem-axle weight of more than 42,000 pounds.
 - e. ~~Is registered pursuant to G.S. 20-88 for the maximum weight allowed for the vehicle configuration as listed in subsection (b) of this section.~~

...."

SECTION 7. G.S. 20-118.4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-118.4. Firefighting equipment exempt from size and weight restrictions while transporting or moving heavy equipment in an emergency; for emergency response and preparedness and fire prevention; permits.

(a) ~~Exemption From Weight and Size Restrictions During Emergency Response.~~
Restrictions. – Any overweight or oversize vehicle owned and operated by a State or local government or cooperating federal agency is exempt from the weight and size restrictions of this Chapter and implementing rules while it is actively engaged in (i) a response to a fire under the authority of a forest ranger pursuant to G.S. 106-899(a); (ii) a county request for forest protection assistance pursuant to G.S. 106-906; (iii) a request for assistance under a state of emergency declared pursuant to G.S. 14-288.12, 14-288.13, 14-288.14, 14-288.15, and any other applicable statutes and provisions of common law; (iv) a request for assistance under a disaster declared pursuant to G.S. 166A-6 or ~~G.S. 166A-8,~~ G.S. 166A-8; or (v) performance of other required duties for emergency preparedness and fire prevention, when the vehicle meets the following conditions:

- (1) The vehicle weight does not exceed the manufacturer's GVWR or 90,000 pounds gross weight, whichever is less.
- (2) The tri-axle grouping weight does not exceed 50,000 pounds, tandem axle weight does not exceed 42,000 pounds, and the single axle weight does not exceed 22,000 pounds.
- (3) A vehicle/vehicle combination does not exceed 12 feet in width and a total overall vehicle combination length of 75 feet from bumper to bumper.

(b) Marking, Lighting, and Bridge Requirements. – Vehicle/vehicle combinations subject to an exemption or permit under this section shall not be exempt from the requirement of a yellow banner on the front and rear measuring a total length of seven feet by 18 inches bearing the legend "Oversize Load" in 10 inch black letters 1.5 inches wide, and red or orange flags measuring 18 inches square to be displayed on all sides at the widest point of load. In addition, when operating between sunset and sunrise, flashing amber lights shall be displayed

1 on each side of the load at the widest point. Vehicle/vehicle combinations subject to an
2 exemption or permit under this section shall not exceed posted bridge limits without prior
3 approval from the Department of Transportation.

4 (c) Definition of "Response." – A response lasts from the time an overweight or
5 oversize vehicle is requested until the vehicle is returned to its base location and restored to a
6 state of readiness for another response.

7 (c1) Definition of "Preparedness and Fire Prevention." – Movement of equipment for the
8 purpose of hazardous fuel reduction, training, equipment maintenance, pre-suppression fire line
9 installation, fire prevention programs, and equipment staging. In order to qualify for the
10 exception in subsection (a) of this section, equipment must remain configured during
11 movement for one or more of these purposes.

12 (d) Discretionary Annual or Single Trip Permit for Emergency Response by a
13 Commercial Vehicle. – The Department of Transportation may, in its discretion, issue an
14 annual or single trip special use permit waiving the weight and size restrictions of this Chapter
15 and implementing rules for a commercial overweight or oversize vehicle actively engaged in a
16 response to a fire or a request for assistance from a person authorized to direct emergency
17 operations. The Department of Transportation may condition the permit with safety measures
18 that do not unreasonably delay a response. The Department of Transportation may issue the
19 single trip special use permit upon verbal communication, provided the requestor submits
20 appropriate documentation and fees on the next business day.

21 (e) No Liability for Issuance of Permit Under This Section. – The action of issuing a
22 permit by the Department of Transportation under this section is a governmental function and
23 does not subject the Department of Transportation to liability for injury to a person or damage
24 to property as a result of the activity."

25 **SECTION 8.** G.S. 20-127 reads as rewritten:

26 "**§ 20-127. Windows and windshield wipers.**

27 ...

28 (b) Window Tinting Restrictions. – A window of a vehicle that is operated on a
29 highway or a public vehicular area shall comply with this subsection. The windshield of the
30 vehicle may be tinted only along the top of the windshield and the tinting may not extend more
31 than five inches below the top of the windshield or below the AS1 line of the windshield,
32 whichever measurement is longer. Provided, however, an untinted clear film which does not
33 obstruct vision but which reduces or eliminates ultraviolet radiation from entering a vehicle
34 may be applied to the windshield. Any other window of the vehicle may be tinted in
35 accordance with the following restrictions:

36 (1) The total light transmission of the tinted window shall be at least thirty-five
37 percent (35%). A vehicle window that, by use of a light meter approved by
38 the Commissioner, measures a total light transmission of more than
39 thirty-two percent (32%) is conclusively presumed to meet this restriction.

40 (2) The light reflectance of the tinted window shall be twenty percent (20%) or
41 less.

42 (3) Tinted film or another material used to tint the window shall be nonreflective
43 and shall not be red, yellow, or amber.

44 (b1) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, a window of a vehicle that is
45 operated on a public street or highway and which is subject to the provisions of Part 393 of
46 Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations shall comply with the provisions of that Part.

47 (c) Tinting Exceptions. – The window tinting restrictions in subsection (b) of this
48 section apply without exception to the windshield of a vehicle. The window tinting restrictions
49 in subdivisions (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section do not apply to any of the following vehicle
50 windows:

- 1 (1) A window of an excursion passenger vehicle, as defined in
2 G.S. 20-4.01(27)a.
3 ~~(2) A window of a for-hire passenger vehicle, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(27)b.~~
4 ~~(3) A window of a common carrier of passengers, as defined in~~
5 ~~G.S. 20-4.01(27)c.~~
6 (4) A window of a motor home, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(27)d2.
7 (5) A window of an ambulance, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(27)f.
8 (6) The rear window of a property-hauling vehicle, as defined in
9 G.S. 20-4.01(31).
10 (7) A window of a limousine.
11 (8) A window of a law enforcement vehicle.
12 (9) A window of a multipurpose vehicle that is behind the driver of the vehicle.
13 A multipurpose vehicle is a passenger vehicle that is designed to carry 10 or
14 fewer passengers and either is constructed on a truck chassis or has special
15 features designed for occasional off-road operation. A minivan and a pickup
16 truck are multipurpose vehicles.
17 (10) A window of a vehicle that is registered in another state and meets the
18 requirements of the state in which it is registered.
19 (11) A window of a vehicle for which the Division has issued a medical
20 exception permit under subsection (f) of this section.

21"

22 **SECTION 9.** G.S. 20-137.4A is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

23 "(a1) Motor Carrier Offense. – It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a
24 commercial motor vehicle subject to Part 390 or 392 of Title 49 of the Code of Federal
25 Regulations on a public street or highway or public vehicular area while using a mobile
26 telephone or other electronic device in violation of those Parts. Nothing in this subsection shall
27 be construed to prohibit the use of hands-free technology."

28 **SECTION 10.** G.S. 20-383 reads as rewritten:

29 **"§ 20-383. Inspectors and officers given enforcement authority.**

30 Only designated ~~inspectors and officers~~ inspectors, officers, and personnel of the
31 Department of ~~Crime Control and Public Safety~~ shall have the authority to enforce the
32 provisions of this Article and provisions of Chapter 62 applicable to motor transportation, and
33 they are empowered to make complaint for the issue of appropriate warrants, information,
34 presentments or other lawful process for the enforcement and prosecution of violations of the
35 transportation laws against all offenders, whether they be regulated motor carriers or not, and to
36 appear in court or before the North Carolina Utilities Commission and offer evidence at the
37 trial pursuant to such processes."

38 **SECTION 11.** G.S. 136-28.5 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

39 "(c) Notwithstanding G.S. 132-1, bids and documents submitted in response to an
40 advertisement or request for proposal under this Chapter shall not be public record until the
41 Department issues a decision to award or not to award the contract."

42 **SECTION 12.** G.S. 136-89.213(a) reads as rewritten:

43 **"§ 136-89.213. Administration of tolls and requirements for open road tolls.**

44 (a) Administration. – The Authority is responsible for collecting tolls on Turnpike
45 projects. In exercising its authority under G.S. 136-89.183 to perform or procure services
46 required by the Authority, the Authority may contract with one or more providers to perform
47 part or all of the collection functions and may enter into agreements to exchange information
48 that identifies motor vehicles and their owners with one or more of the following entities: the
49 Division of Motor Vehicles of the Department of Transportation, another state, another toll
50 operator, or a toll collection-related organization.

1 (a1) Identifying information obtained by the Authority through an agreement is not a
2 public record and is subject to the disclosure limitations in 18 U.S.C. § 2721, the federal
3 Driver's Privacy Protection Act. The Authority shall maintain the confidentiality of all
4 information relating to electronic toll collection, including, but not limited to, personal
5 information, financial information, transactions and transaction history, and information related
6 to the collection of a toll or user fee, including, but not limited to, photographs or other
7 recorded images or automatic vehicle identification or driver account information generated by
8 radio-frequency identification or other electronic means. Notwithstanding the provisions of this
9 section:

10 (1) The account holder may examine his own account information, and the
11 Authority may use the account information only for purposes of collecting
12 and enforcing tolls.

13 (2) A party, by authority of a proper court order, may inspect and examine
14 confidential account information."

15 **SECTION 13.** G.S. 20-118(c)(16) reads as rewritten:

16 "(16) Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle or vehicle
17 combination that meets all of the conditions below, but all other enforcement
18 provisions of this Article remain applicable:

19 a. Is hauling unhardened ready-mixed concrete.

20 b. Does not operate on an interstate highway or a posted light-traffic
21 road, or exceed any posted bridge weight limits.

22 c. ~~Does not exceed a maximum gross weight of 66,000 pounds on a~~
23 ~~three-axle vehicle with a single axle~~ Has a single steer axle weight of
24 no more than 22,000 pounds, pounds and a tandem-axle weight of no
25 more than 46,000 pounds, pounds.

26 d. Does not exceed a maximum gross weight of 66,000 pounds on a
27 three-axle vehicle with a length of at least 21 feet between the center
28 of axle one and the center of axle three of the vehicle.

29 e. Does not exceed a maximum gross weight of 72,600 pounds on a
30 four-axle vehicle with a length of at least 36 feet between the center
31 of axle one and the center of axle four. The four-axle vehicle shall
32 have a maximum gross weight of 66,000 pounds on axles one, two,
33 and three with a length of at least 21 feet between the center of axle
34 one and the center of axle three. For

35 For purposes of this subdivision, no additional weight allowances as found
36 in this section shall apply for the gross weight, single-axle weight, and
37 tandem-axle weight, and the tolerance allowed by subsection (h) of this
38 section shall not apply."

39 **SECTION 14.** G.S. 147-86.23 reads as rewritten:

40 "**§ 147-86.23. Interest and penalties.**

41 A State agency shall charge interest at the rate established pursuant to G.S. 105-241.21 on a
42 past-due account receivable from the date the account receivable was due until it is paid. A
43 State agency shall add to a past-due account receivable a late payment penalty of no more than
44 ten percent (10%) of the account receivable. A State agency may waive a late-payment penalty
45 for good cause shown. If another statute requires the payment of interest or a penalty on a
46 past-due account receivable, this section does not apply to that past-due account receivable.
47 This section does not apply to money owed to the University of North Carolina Health Care
48 System for health care services or to the North Carolina Turnpike Authority for money
49 owed to the Authority for tolls."

50 **SECTION 15.** Notwithstanding 19A NCAC 02D .0607(e)(3), the Department of
51 Transportation may permit sealed ship containers as nondivisible loads as allowed by Federal

1 Highway Administration policy. All Department of Transportation permitting rules applied to
2 other nondivisible loads shall also apply to sealed ship containers.

3 **SECTION 16.** The Department of Transportation shall initiate the process to
4 conform the North Carolina Administrative Code to this act by striking the words "not to
5 exceed 94,500 pounds" from the first sentence of 19A NCAC 02D .0607(e)(3).

6 **SECTION 17.** The provisions of S.L. 2009-345, as they apply to ferry vessels
7 operated by the North Carolina Department of Transportation, become effective June 30, 2013.

8 **SECTION 18.** Prosecutions for offenses committed before the effective date of the
9 section of this act that modifies the offense are not abated or affected by this act, and the
10 statutes that would be applicable but for this act remain applicable to those prosecutions.

11 **SECTION 19.** Section 11 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2012, and applies to
12 bids and documents submitted for advertisements and requests for proposal that are advertised
13 or requested on or after that date. Section 1 of this act becomes effective January 1, 2013, and
14 applies to drivers licenses issued on or after that date. Sections 8 and 9 of this act become
15 effective December 1, 2012, and apply to offenses committed on or after that date. The
16 remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.