

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2009

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SENATE BILL 1177*
Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 5/26/10
House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/24/10

Short Title: Rev. Laws Technical & Admin. Changes.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 18, 2010

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES
3 TO THE TAX AND RELATED LAWS.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

5 **SECTION 1.** The introductory language to G.S. 105-113.40A reads as rewritten:

6 "The Secretary must credit the net proceeds of the tax collected under this ~~Article~~ Part as
7 follows:".

8 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 105-129.16D(b1) reads as rewritten:

9 "(b1) Alternative Production Credit. – In lieu of the credit allowed under subsection (b) of
10 this section, a taxpayer that constructs and places in service in this State three or more
11 commercial facilities for processing renewable fuel and that invests a total amount of at least
12 four hundred million dollars (\$400,000,000) in the facilities is allowed a credit equal to
13 thirty-five percent (35%) of the cost to the taxpayer of constructing and equipping the facilities.
14 In order to claim the credit, the taxpayer must obtain a written determination from the Secretary
15 of Commerce that the taxpayer is expected to invest within a five-year period a total amount of
16 at least four hundred million dollars (\$400,000,000) in three or more facilities. The credit must
17 be taken in seven equal annual installments beginning with the taxable year in which the first
18 facility is placed in service. If, in one of the years in which the installment of credit accrues, a
19 facility with respect to which the credit was claimed is disposed of or taken out of service and
20 the investment requirements of this subsection are no longer satisfied, the credit expires and the
21 taxpayer may take any remaining installment of the credit only to the extent allowed under
22 subsection (b) of this section. The taxpayer may, however, take the portion of an installment
23 under this subsection that accrued in a previous year and was carried forward to the extent
24 permitted under G.S. 105-129.17. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-129.17, a
25 taxpayer may carry forward unused portions of the credit allowed under this subsection for the
26 succeeding 10 years.

27 If a taxpayer that claimed a credit under this subsection fails to meet the requirements of
28 this subsection but meets the requirements of subsection (b) of this section, the taxpayer forfeits
29 the difference between the alternative credit claimed under this subsection and the credit
30 allowed under subsection (b) of this section. A taxpayer that forfeits part of the alternative
31 credit under this subsection is liable for the additional taxes avoided plus interest at the rate
32 established under ~~G.S. 105-241.1(i)~~, G.S. 105-241.21, computed from the date the additional
33 taxes would have been due if the credit had not been allowed. The additional taxes and interest
34 are due 30 days after the date the credit is forfeited. A taxpayer that fails to pay the additional
35 taxes and interest by the due date is subject to penalties provided in G.S. 105-236."

36 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 105-159.1(a) reads as rewritten:



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"(a) Every individual whose income tax liability for the taxable year is three dollars (\$3.00) or more may designate on his or her income tax return that three dollars (\$3.00) of the tax shall be credited to the North Carolina Political Parties Financing Fund for the use of the political party designated by the taxpayer. In the case of a married couple filing a joint return whose income tax liability for the taxable year is six dollars (\$6.00) or more, each spouse may designate on the income tax return that three dollars (\$3.00) of the tax shall be credited to the North Carolina Political Parties Financing Fund for the use of the political party designated by the taxpayer. Amounts credited to the Fund shall be allocated among the political parties according to the designation of the taxpayer. Where any taxpayer elects to designate but does not specify a particular political party, those funds shall be distributed among the political parties on a pro rata basis according to their respective party voter registrations as determined by the most recent certification of the State Board of Elections. As used in this section, the term "political party" has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 163-96, ~~means one of the following that has at least one percent (1%) of the total number of registered voters in the State:~~

- ~~(1) A political party that at the last preceding general State election received at least ten percent (10%) of the entire vote cast in the State for Governor or for presidential electors.~~
- ~~(2) A group of voters who by July 1 of the preceding calendar year, by virtue of a petition as a new political party, had duly qualified as a new political party within the meaning of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes."~~

SECTION 4.(a) G.S. 105-164.14(c) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(23) A public library created pursuant to an act of the General Assembly."

SECTION 4.(b) This section becomes effective July 1, 2008, and applies to purchases made on or after that date.

SECTION 5. G.S. 105-187.3 reads as rewritten:

...."

(b) Retail Value. – The retail value of a motor vehicle for which a certificate of title is issued because of a sale of the motor vehicle by a retailer is the sales price of the motor vehicle, including all accessories attached to the vehicle when it is delivered to the purchaser, less the amount of any allowance given by the retailer for a motor vehicle taken in trade as a full or partial payment for the purchased motor vehicle. ~~The~~

The retail value of a motor vehicle for which a certificate of title is issued because of a sale of the motor vehicle by a seller who is not a retailer is the market value of the vehicle, less the amount of any allowance given by the seller for a motor vehicle taken in trade as a full or partial payment for the purchased motor vehicle. A transaction in which two parties exchange motor vehicles is considered a sale regardless of whether either party gives additional consideration as part of the transaction. ~~The~~

The retail value of a motor vehicle for which a certificate of title is issued because of a reason other than the sale of the motor vehicle is the market value of the vehicle. The market value of a vehicle is presumed to be the value of the vehicle set in a schedule of values adopted by the Commissioner.

~~(b1) Retail Value of Transferred Department of Defense Vehicles.—~~The retail value of a vehicle for which a certificate of title is issued because of a transfer by a State agency that assists the United States Department of Defense with purchasing, transferring, or titling a vehicle to another State agency, a unit of local government, a volunteer fire department, or a volunteer rescue squad is the sales price paid by the State agency, unit of local government, volunteer fire department, or volunteer rescue squad.

...."

SECTION 6. G.S. 105-187.6(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

1 "(a) Full Exemptions. – The tax imposed by this Article does not apply when a
2 certificate of title is issued as the result of a transfer of a motor vehicle:

3 ...

4 (11) To a revocable trust from an owner who is the sole beneficiary of the trust."

5 **SECTION 7.** Reserved.

6 **SECTION 8.(a)** G.S. 105-241.9(c) is amended by adding a new subdivision to
7 read:

8 "(c) Notice. – The Secretary must give a taxpayer written notice of a proposed
9 assessment. The notice of a proposed assessment must contain the following information:

10 (1) The basis for the proposed assessment. The statement of the basis for the
11 proposed assessment does not limit the Department from changing the basis.

12 (2) The amount of tax, interest, and penalties included in the proposed
13 assessment. The amount for each of these must be stated separately.

14 (2a) The date a failure to pay penalty will apply to the proposed assessment if the
15 proposed assessment is not paid by that date and the amount of the penalty.
16 If the proposed assessment is not paid by the specified date, the failure to
17 pay penalty is considered to be assessed and applies to the proposed
18 assessment without further notice.

19 (3) The circumstances under which the proposed assessment will become final
20 and collectible."

21 **SECTION 8.(b)** G.S. 105-241.11 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

22 "(c) FTP Penalty. – A request for a Departmental review of a proposed assessment is
23 considered a request for a Departmental review of a failure to pay penalty that is based on the
24 assessment. A taxpayer who does not request a Departmental review of a proposed assessment
25 may not request a Departmental review of a failure to pay penalty that is based on the
26 assessment."

27 **SECTION 9.** G.S. 105-241.16 reads as rewritten:

28 **"§ 105-241.16. Judicial review of decision after contested case hearing.**

29 A taxpayer aggrieved by the final decision in a contested case commenced at the Office of
30 Administrative Hearings may seek judicial review of the decision in accordance with Article 4
31 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-45, a petition for judicial
32 review must be filed in the Superior Court of Wake County and in accordance with the
33 procedures for a mandatory business case set forth in G.S. 7A-45.4(b) through (f). ~~A taxpayer~~
34 ~~who files~~ Before filing a petition for judicial review, a taxpayer must pay the amount of
35 tax, penalties, and interest the final decision states is due. A taxpayer may appeal a decision of
36 the Business Court to the appellate division in accordance with G.S. 150B-52."

37 **SECTION 10.(a)** G.S. 105-263 reads as rewritten:

38 ~~"§ 105-263. Extensions of time for filing a report or return.~~ **Timely filing of mailed**
39 **documents and requests for extensions.**

40 (a) Mailed Document. – Section 7502 of the Code governs when a return, report,
41 payment, or any other document that is mailed to the Department is timely filed.

42 (b) Extension. – The Secretary may extend the time in which a person must file a report
43 or return with the Secretary. To obtain an extension of time for filing a report or return, a
44 person must comply with any application requirement set by the Secretary. An extension of
45 time for filing a franchise tax return or an income tax return does not extend the time for paying
46 the tax due or the time when a penalty attaches for failure to pay the tax. An extension of time
47 for filing a report or any return other than a franchise tax return or an income tax return extends
48 the time for paying the tax due and the time when a penalty attaches for failure to pay the tax.
49 When an extension of time for filing a report or return extends the time for paying the tax
50 expected to be due with the report or return, interest, at the rate established pursuant to

1 G.S. 105-241.21, accrues on the tax due from the original due date of the report or return to the
2 date the tax is paid."

3 **SECTION 10.(b)** G.S. 105-241.11(b) reads as rewritten:

4 "(b) Filing. – A request for a Departmental review of a proposed denial of a refund or a
5 proposed assessment is considered filed on the following dates:

6 (1) For a request that is delivered in person, the date it is delivered.

7 (2) For a request that is mailed, the date determined in accordance with
8 G.S. 105-263.

9 (3) For a request not delivered in person, delivered by another method, the date
10 the Department receives it."

11 **SECTION 11.** G.S. 105-259(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

12 "(b) Disclosure Prohibited. – An officer, an employee, or an agent of the State who has
13 access to tax information in the course of service to or employment by the State may not
14 disclose the information to any other person except as provided in this subsection. Standards
15 used or to be used for the selection of returns for examination and data used or to be used for
16 determining the standards may not be disclosed for any purpose. All other tax information may
17 be disclosed only if the disclosure is made for one of the following purposes:

18 ...

19 (40) To furnish a nonparticipating manufacturer, as defined in G.S. 66-292, the
20 amount of the manufacturer's tobacco products that a taxpayer sells in this
21 State and that the Secretary reports to the Attorney General under
22 G.S. 105-113.4C."

23 **SECTION 12.** G.S. 105-466(c) reads as rewritten:

24 "(c) Collection of the tax, and liability therefor, must begin and continue only on and
25 after the first day of ~~the month of either January or July,~~ a calendar quarter, as set by the board
26 of county commissioners in the resolution levying the tax. In no event may the tax be imposed,
27 or the tax rate changed, earlier than the first day of the second succeeding calendar month after
28 the date of the adoption of the resolution. The county must give the Secretary at least 90 days
29 advance notice of a new tax levy or tax rate change. The applicability of a new tax or a tax rate
30 change to purchases from printed catalogs becomes effective on the first day of a calendar
31 quarter after a minimum of 120 days from the date the Secretary notifies the seller that receives
32 orders by means of a catalog or similar publication of the new tax or tax rate change."

33 **SECTION 13.** G.S. 105-164.15 is repealed.

34 **SECTION 14.** G.S. 105-523(d) reads as rewritten:

35 "(d) Method. – The Secretary must estimate a county's repealed sales tax amount, city
36 hold harmless amount, and hold harmless threshold for a fiscal year to determine if the county
37 is eligible for a hold harmless payment. The Secretary must send to an eligible county with the
38 distribution made under G.S. 105-472 for March of that year an amount equal to ninety percent
39 (90%) of its estimated hold harmless payment. At the end of each fiscal year, the Secretary
40 must determine each county's hold harmless payment for that year. The Secretary must send by
41 August 15 the remainder of the county's hold harmless payment for the fiscal year that ended
42 on June 30. The Secretary of the Department of ~~Human Resources-Health and Human Services~~
43 must give the Secretary of Revenue the data needed to determine a county's hold harmless
44 ~~threshold-threshold~~ threshold by February 24th of each year, and the data needed for the final calculation
45 of each county's hold harmless threshold by July 24th of each year."

46 **PROPERTY TAX CHANGES**

47 **SECTION 15.** G.S. 105-275(29a) reads as rewritten:

48 "**§ 105-275. Property classified and excluded from the tax base.**

49 The following classes of property are designated special classes under Article V, Sec. 2(2),
50 of the North Carolina Constitution and are excluded from tax:
51

1 ...
 2 (29a) Land that is within an historic district and is held by a nonprofit corporation
 3 organized for historic preservation purposes for use as a future site for an
 4 historic structure that is to be moved to the site from another location.
 5 Property may be classified under this subdivision for no more than five
 6 years. The taxes that would otherwise be due on land classified under this
 7 subdivision shall be a lien on the real property of the taxpayer as provided in
 8 G.S. 105-355(a). The taxes shall be carried forward in the records of the
 9 taxing unit or units as deferred taxes. The deferred taxes are due and payable
 10 in accordance with G.S. 105-277.1F when the property loses its eligibility
 11 for deferral as a result of a disqualifying event. A disqualifying event occurs
 12 when an historic structure is not moved to the property within five years
 13 from the first day of the fiscal year the property was classified under this
 14 subdivision. In addition to the provisions in G.S. 105-277.1F, all liens
 15 arising under this subdivision are extinguished upon the location of an
 16 historic structure on the site within the time period allowed under this
 17 subdivision."

18 **SECTION 16.** G.S. 105-277.1C(b)(1) reads as rewritten:

19 "(b) Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:

20 (1) Disabled veteran. – A veteran of any branch of the Armed Forces of the
 21 United States whose character of service at separation was honorable or
 22 under honorable conditions and who satisfies one of the following
 23 requirements:

24 a. As of January 1 preceding the taxable year for which the exclusion
 25 allowed by this section is claimed, the veteran had received benefits
 26 under 38 U.S.C. § 2101.

27 b. The veteran has received a certification by the United States
 28 Department of Veterans Affairs or another federal agency indicating
 29 that, as of January 1 preceding the taxable year for which the
 30 exclusion allowed by this section is claimed, he or she has a
 31 service-connected, permanent, and total disability.

32 c. If the veteran is deceased, the certificate must indicate that he or she
 33 had the disability prior to the date of death or that the death was
 34 the veteran is deceased and the United States Department of Veterans
 35 Affairs or another federal agency has certified that, as of January 1
 36 preceding the taxable year for which the exclusion allowed by this
 37 section is claimed, the veteran's death was the result of a
 38 service-connected condition.

39 (2) Repealed by Session Laws 2009-445, s. 22(c), effective for taxes imposed
 40 for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2009.

41 (3) Permanent residence. – Defined in G.S. 105-277.1.

42 (4) Property tax relief. – Defined in G.S. 105-277.1.

43 (4a) Qualifying owner. – An owner, as defined in G.S. 105-277.1, who is a North
 44 Carolina resident and one of the following:

45 a. A disabled veteran.

46 b. The surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who has not remarried.

47 (5), (6) Repealed by Session Laws 2009-445, s. 22(c), effective for taxes
 48 imposed for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2009.

49 (7) Service-connected. – Defined in 38 U.S.C. § 101."

50 **SECTION 17.** G.S. 105-278(b) reads as rewritten:

1 "(b) The difference between the taxes due on the basis of fifty percent (50%) of the true
2 value of the property and the taxes that would have been payable in the absence of the
3 classification provided for in subsection (a) shall be a lien on the property of the taxpayer as
4 provided in G.S. 105-355(a). The taxes shall be carried forward in the records of the taxing unit
5 or units as deferred taxes. The deferred taxes for the preceding three fiscal years are due and
6 payable in accordance with G.S. 105-277.1F when the property loses the benefit of this
7 classification as a result of a disqualifying event. A disqualifying event occurs when there is a
8 change in an ordinance designating a historic property or a change in the property, other than
9 by fire or other natural disaster, that causes the property's historical significance to be lost or
10 substantially impaired. In addition to the provisions in G.S. 105-277.1F, no deferred taxes are
11 due and all liens arising under this subsection are extinguished when the property's historical
12 significance is lost or substantially impaired due to fire or other natural disaster."

13 **SECTION 18.** G.S. 105-278.6(e) reads as rewritten:

14 "(e) Real property held by an organization described in subdivision (a)(8) for a
15 charitable purpose under this section as a future site for housing for individuals or families with
16 low or moderate incomes may be classified under this section for no more than five years. The
17 taxes that would otherwise be due on real property exempt under this subsection shall be a lien
18 on the property as provided in G.S. 105-355(a). The taxes shall be carried forward in the
19 records of the taxing unit as deferred taxes. The deferred taxes are due and payable in
20 accordance with G.S. 105-277.1F when the property loses its eligibility for deferral as a result
21 of a disqualifying event. A disqualifying event occurs when the organization fails to construct
22 low- or moderate-income housing on the site within five years from the first day of the fiscal
23 year the property was classified under this subsection. In addition to the provisions in
24 G.S. 105-277.1F, all liens arising under this subdivision are extinguished when the property is
25 used for low- or moderate-income housing within the time period allowed under this
26 subsection."

27 **SECTION 19.** G.S. 105-333(14) reads as rewritten:

28 "(14) Public service company. – A railroad company, a pipeline company, a gas
29 company, an electric power company, an electric membership corporation, a
30 telephone company, a telegraph company, a bus line company, an airline
31 company, or a motor freight carrier company. The term also includes any
32 company performing a public service that is regulated by the United States
33 Department of Energy, the United States Department of Transportation, the
34 Federal Communications Commission, the Federal Aviation Agency, or the
35 North Carolina Utilities Commission, except that the term does not include a
36 water company, ~~a radio common carrier company as defined in~~
37 ~~G.S. 62-119(3)~~, a cable television company, or a radio or television
38 broadcasting company."

39 **SECTION 20.** G.S. 105-333 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

40 "(21) Terminal. – A motor freight carrier facility that includes buildings for the
41 handling and temporary storage of freight pending transfer between
42 locations. The term also includes a facility that handles truckloads only and
43 typically consists of a wide, open space where rolling stock is parked and a
44 building for offices and maintenance of rolling stock."

45 **SECTION 21.** Section 4 of S.L. 2009-308 reads as rewritten:

46 "**SECTION 4.** This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on or
47 after July 1, 2010. This act is repealed effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning
48 on or after July 1, 2013. ~~Residences receiving the property tax benefit provided by this act are~~
49 ~~not affected by the repeal of this act until the occurrence of a disqualifying~~
50 ~~event.~~Notwithstanding the repeal of this act, residences that are receiving the property tax
51 benefit provided by this act in the year immediately prior to the repeal are not affected by the

1 repeal of this act and remain eligible for approval of this benefit for subsequent taxable years
2 until the occurrence of a disqualifying event."

3 **SECTION 22.(a)** Section 22(d) of S.L. 2007-527 reads as rewritten:

4 "**SECTION 22.(d)** Subsection (c) of this section becomes effective ~~January 1, 2010.~~July 1,
5 2010. The remainder of this section is effective when it becomes law."

6 **SECTION 22.(b)** Section 22(d) of S.L. 2007-527, as amended by Section 66 of
7 S.L. 2008-134, reads as rewritten:

8 "**SECTION 22.(d)** Subsection (c) of this section becomes effective ~~January 1, 2011.~~July 1,
9 2013, or when the Division of Motor Vehicles of the Department of Transportation and the
10 Department of Revenue certify that the integrated computer system for registration renewal and
11 property tax collection for motor vehicles is in operation, whichever occurs first. The remainder
12 of this section is effective when it becomes law."

13 **SECTION 22.(c)** Section 24(c) of S.L. 2009-445 reads as rewritten:

14 "**SECTION 24.(c)** G.S. 105-330.9 and G.S. 105-330.11, as amended in subsection (a) of
15 this section, are effective when this act becomes law. Subsection (b) of this section and the
16 remainder of subsection (a) of this section become effective ~~July 1, 2011.~~July 1, 2013, and
17 apply to combined tax and registration notices issued on or after that date, or when the Division
18 of Motor Vehicles and the Department of Revenue certify that the integrated computer system
19 or registration renewal and property tax collection for motor vehicles is in operation, whichever
20 occurs first. The remainder of this section is effective when it becomes law."

21 **SECTION 22.(d)** Section 8 of S.L. 2007-471, as amended by Section 25(a) of S.L.
22 2009-445, reads as rewritten:

23 "**SECTION 8.** Unless otherwise stated, this act becomes effective ~~July 1, 2011.~~July 1,
24 2013, and applies to combined tax and registration notices issued on or after that date, or when
25 the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Department of Revenue certify that the integrated
26 computer system for registration renewal and property tax collection for motor vehicles is in
27 operation, whichever occurs first."

28 **SECTION 22.(e)** Section 79 of S.L. 2008-134, as amended by Section 25(b) of
29 S.L. 2009-445, reads as rewritten:

30 "**SECTION 79.** Sections 16 through 60 of this act become effective January 1, 2009.
31 Except as otherwise provided, the remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.
32 Section 63 of this act is repealed July 1, 2013."

33 **SECTION 23.** Reserved.

34 **SECTION 24.** Reserved.

35 36 **MOTOR FUEL TAX CHANGES**

37 **SECTION 25.** G.S. 105-241(b)(2a) reads as rewritten:

38 "(b) Electronic Funds Transfer. – Payment by electronic funds transfer is required as
39 provided in this subsection.

40 ...

41 (2a) Motor fuel taxes. – A taxpayer that is required to file an electronic return
42 under ~~Article 36C or Article 36D~~ Subchapter V of this Chapter or Article 3
43 of Chapter 119 of the General Statutes must pay the tax by electronic funds
44 transfer."

45 **SECTION 26.(a)** G.S. 105-449.39 reads as rewritten:

46 "**§ 105-449.39. Credit for payment of motor fuel tax.**

47 Every motor carrier subject to the tax levied by this Article is entitled to a credit on its
48 quarterly ~~report~~ return for tax paid by the carrier on fuel purchased in the State. The amount of
49 the credit is determined using the flat cents-per-gallon rate plus the variable cents-per-gallon
50 rate of tax in effect during the quarter covered by the ~~report~~ return. To obtain a credit, the

1 motor carrier must furnish evidence satisfactory to the Secretary that the tax for which the
2 credit is claimed has been paid.

3 If the amount of a credit to which a motor carrier is entitled for a quarter exceeds the motor
4 carrier's liability for that quarter, the excess is refundable in accordance with G.S. 105-241.7."

5 **SECTION 26.(b)** G.S. 105-449.40(a) reads as rewritten:

6 "(a) Authority. – The Secretary may require a motor carrier to furnish a bond when any
7 of the following occurs:

8 (1) The motor carrier fails to file a ~~report~~-return within the time required by this
9 Article.

10 (2) The motor carrier fails to pay a tax when due under this Article.

11 (3) After auditing the motor carrier's records, the Secretary determines that a
12 bond is needed to protect the State from loss in collecting the tax due under
13 this Article."

14 **SECTION 26.(c)** G.S. 105-449.42 reads as rewritten:

15 "**§ 105-449.42. Payment of tax.**

16 The tax levied by this Article is due when a motor carrier files a quarterly ~~report~~-return
17 under G.S. 105-449.45. The amount of tax due is calculated on the amount of motor fuel or
18 alternative fuel used by the motor carrier in its operations within this State during the quarter
19 covered by the ~~report~~-return."

20 **SECTION 26.(d)** G.S. 105-449.42A reads as rewritten:

21 "**§ 105-449.42A. Leased motor vehicles.**

22 (a) Lessor in Leasing Business. – A lessor who is regularly engaged in the business of
23 leasing or renting motor vehicles without drivers for compensation is the motor carrier for a
24 leased or rented motor vehicle unless the lessee of the leased or rented motor vehicle gives the
25 Secretary written notice, by filing a ~~report~~-return or otherwise, that the lessee is the motor
26 carrier. In that circumstance, the lessee is the motor carrier for the leased or rented motor
27 vehicle.

28 Before a lessee gives the Secretary written notice under this subsection that the lessee is the
29 motor carrier, the lessee and lessor must make a written agreement for the lessee to be the
30 motor carrier. Upon request of the Secretary, the lessee must give the Secretary a copy of the
31 agreement.

32 (b) Independent Contractor. – The lessee of a motor vehicle that is leased from an
33 independent contractor is the motor carrier for the leased motor vehicle unless ~~either of the~~
34 ~~following applies:~~one of the circumstances listed in this subsection applies. If either of these
35 circumstances applies, the lessor is the motor carrier for the leased motor vehicle.

36 (1) The motor vehicle is leased for fewer than 30 days.

37 (2) The motor vehicle is leased for at least 30 days and the lessor gives the
38 Secretary written notice, by filing a ~~report~~-return or otherwise, that the lessor
39 is the motor carrier. Before a lessor gives the Secretary written notice that
40 the lessor is the motor carrier, the lessor and lessee must make a written
41 agreement for the lessor to be the motor carrier. Upon request of the
42 Secretary, the lessor must give the Secretary a copy of the agreement.

43 ~~If either of these circumstances applies, the lessor is the motor carrier for the leased motor~~
44 ~~vehicle.~~

45 ~~Before a lessor gives the Secretary written notice under subdivision (2) that the lessor is the~~
46 ~~motor carrier, the lessor and lessee must make a written agreement for the lessor to be the~~
47 ~~motor carrier. Upon request of the Secretary, the lessor must give the Secretary a copy of the~~
48 ~~agreement.~~

49 (c) Liability. – An independent contractor who leases a motor vehicle to another for
50 fewer than 30 days is liable for compliance with this Article and the person to whom the motor

1 vehicle is leased is not liable. Otherwise, both the lessor and lessee of a motor vehicle are
2 jointly and severally liable for compliance with this Article."

3 **SECTION 26.(e)** G.S. 105-449.44(b) reads as rewritten:

4 "(b) **Presumption.** – The Secretary must check ~~reports-returns~~ filed under this Article
5 against the weigh station records and other records of the Division of Motor Vehicles of the
6 Department of Transportation and the State Highway Patrol of the Department of Crime
7 Control and Public Safety concerning motor carriers to determine if motor carriers that are
8 operating in this State are filing the ~~reports-returns~~ required by this Article. If the records
9 indicate that a motor carrier operated in this State in a quarter and either did not file a ~~report~~
10 return for that quarter or understated its mileage in this State on a ~~report-return~~ filed for that
11 quarter by at least twenty-five percent (25%), the Secretary may assess the motor carrier for an
12 amount based on the motor carrier's presumed operations. The motor carrier is presumed to
13 have mileage in this State equal to 10 trips of 450 miles each for each of the motor carrier's
14 qualified motor vehicles and to have fuel usage of four miles per gallon."

15 **SECTION 26.(f)** G.S. 105-449.45 reads as rewritten:

16 "**§ 105-449.45. Reports-Returns of carriers.**

17 (a) ~~Report-Return.~~ – A motor carrier must report its operations to the Secretary on a
18 quarterly basis unless subsection (b) of this section exempts the motor carrier from this
19 requirement. A quarterly ~~report-return~~ covers a calendar quarter and is due by the last day in
20 April, July, October, and January. A ~~report-return~~ must be filed in the form required by the
21 Secretary.

22 (b) **Exemptions.** – A motor carrier is not required to file a quarterly ~~report-return~~ if any
23 of the following applies:

24 (1) All the motor carrier's operations during the quarter were made under a
25 temporary permit issued under G.S. 105-449.49.

26 (2) The motor carrier is an intrastate motor carrier, as indicated on the motor
27 carrier's application for registration with the Secretary.

28 (c) ~~Other Reports-Informational Returns.~~ – A motor carrier must file with the Secretary
29 ~~other reports-any informational returns~~ concerning its operations that the Secretary requires.

30 (d) **Penalties.** – A motor carrier that fails to file a ~~report-return~~ under this section by the
31 required date is subject to a penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00)."

32 **SECTION 27.** G.S. 105-449.37(a)(1) reads as rewritten:

33 "(a) **Definitions.** – The following definitions apply in this Article:

34 (1) **International Fuel Tax Agreement.** – The Articles of Agreement adopted by
35 the International Fuel Tax Association, Inc., as amended as of ~~June 1,~~
36 2008-June 1, 2010."

37 **SECTION 28.** G.S. 105-449.47A reads as rewritten:

38 "**§ 105-449.47A. Reasons why the Secretary can deny an application for a registration**
39 **and decals.**

40 The Secretary may refuse to register and issue a decal to an applicant that does not meet the
41 requirements set out in G.S. 105-449.69(b) or that has done any of the following:

42 (1) Had a registration issued under Chapter 105 or Chapter 119 of the General
43 Statutes cancelled by the Secretary for cause.

44 (2) Had a registration issued by another jurisdiction, pursuant to the
45 International Fuel Tax Agreement, cancelled for cause.

46 (3) Been convicted of fraud or misrepresentation.

47 (4) Been convicted of any other offense that indicates that the applicant may not
48 comply with this Article if registered and issued a decal.

49 (5) Failed to remit payment for a tax debt under Chapter 105 or Chapter 119 of
50 the General Statutes. The term "tax debt" has the same meaning as defined in
51 G.S. 105-243.1.

- (6) Failed to file a return due under Chapter 105 or Chapter 119 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 29.(a) G.S. 105-449.105A reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-449.105A. Monthly refunds for kerosene.

(a) ~~Refund.—A distributor who sells kerosene to any of the following may obtain a monthly refund for the excise tax the distributor paid on the kerosene, less the amount of any discount allowed on the kerosene under G.S. 105-449.93:~~

- (1) ~~The end user of the kerosene, if the distributor dispenses the kerosene into a storage facility of the end user that contains fuel used only for one of the following purposes and the storage facility is installed in a manner that makes use of the fuel for any other purpose improbable:~~

- a. ~~Heating.~~
b. ~~Drying crops.~~
c. ~~A manufacturing process.~~

- (2) ~~A retailer of kerosene, if the distributor dispenses the kerosene into a storage facility that meets both of the following conditions:~~

- a. ~~It is marked with the phrase "Undyed, Untaxed Kerosene, Nontaxable Use Only" or a similar phrase that clearly indicates that the fuel is not to be used to operate a highway vehicle.~~
b. ~~It either has a dispensing device that is not suitable for use in fueling a highway vehicle or is kept locked by the retailer and must be unlocked by the retailer for each sale of kerosene.~~

- (3) ~~An airport, if the distributor dispenses the kerosene into a storage facility that contains fuel used only for fueling airplanes and that meets at least one of the following conditions:~~

- a. ~~It is marked with the phrase "Undyed, Untaxed Kerosene, Nontaxable Use Only" or a similar phrase that clearly indicates that the fuel is not to be used to operate a highway vehicle.~~
b. ~~It has a dispensing device that is not suitable for use in fueling a highway vehicle.~~

Refund for Undyed Kerosene Sold to an End User for Non-Highway Use. – A distributor who sells kerosene to an end user for one of the purposes listed in this subsection may obtain a monthly refund for the excise tax the distributor paid on the kerosene, less the amount of any discount allowed on the kerosene under G.S. 105-449.93, if the distributor dispenses the kerosene into a storage facility of the end user that contains fuel used only for one of those purposes and the storage facility is installed in a manner that makes use of the fuel for any other purpose improbable.

- (1) Heating.
(2) Drying crops.
(3) A manufacturing process.

(b) Liability. – If the Secretary determines that the Department overpaid a distributor by refunding more tax to the distributor than is due under this section, the distributor is liable for the amount of the overpayment. This liability applies regardless of whether the actions of a retailer of kerosene contributed to the overpayment."

SECTION 29.(b) This section becomes effective January 1, 2011, and applies to sales of kerosene made by a distributor on or after that date.

SECTION 30. G.S. 105-449.105B reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-449.105B. Monthly hold harmless refunds for licensed distributors and some licensed importers.

~~quarter~~

1 If a licensed distributor or licensed importer purchases motor fuel from a licensed supplier
 2 during a month and the discount the distributor or importer receives under G.S. 105-449.93(b)
 3 on the motor fuel is less than the amount the distributor or importer would have received during
 4 that month if the distributor or importer had been allowed a discount on taxable gasoline
 5 purchased by the distributor or importer from a supplier under the following schedule, the
 6 distributor or importer is allowed a monthly refund of the difference:

<u>Amount of Gasoline Purchased</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
<u>Each Month</u>	<u>Discount</u>
First 150,000 gallons	2%
Next 100,000 gallons	1 1/2%
Amount over 250,000 gallons	1%.

12 In determining the amount of discounts a distributor or importer received under
 13 G.S. 105-449.93(b) for motor fuel purchased in a month, a distributor or importer is considered
 14 to have received the amount of any discounts the distributor or importer could have received
 15 under that subsection but did not receive because the distributor or importer failed to pay the
 16 tax due to the supplier by the date the supplier had to pay the tax to the State."

17 **SECTION 31.(a)** G.S. 105-449.106(b) reads as rewritten:

18 "(b) Taxi. – A person who purchases and uses motor fuel in a ~~taxicab, as defined in~~
 19 ~~G.S. 20-87(1), taxicab~~ while the taxicab is engaged in transporting passengers for hire, or in a
 20 bus operated as part of a city transit system that is exempt from regulation by the North
 21 Carolina Utilities Commission under G.S. 62-260(a)(8), may receive a quarterly refund, for the
 22 excise tax paid during the preceding quarter, at a rate equal to the flat cents-per-gallon rate plus
 23 the variable cents-per-gallon rate in effect during the quarter for which the refund is claimed,
 24 less one cent (1¢) per gallon. For purposes of this subsection, the term "taxicab" means a motor
 25 vehicle that seats no more than nine passengers, transports passengers for hire, operates on call
 26 or demand, and accepts and solicits passengers indiscriminately. An application for a refund
 27 must be made in accordance with this Part."

28 **SECTION 31.(b)** G.S. 105-449.106(c) reads as rewritten:

29 "(c) Special Mobile Equipment. – A person who purchases and uses motor fuel ~~to~~
 30 ~~operate special mobile equipment off highway for the off-highway operation of special mobile~~
 31 equipment registered under Chapter 20 of the General Statutes may receive a quarterly refund,
 32 for the excise tax paid during the preceding quarter, at a rate equal to the flat cents-per-gallon
 33 rate plus the variable cents-per-gallon rate in effect during the quarter for which the refund is
 34 claimed, less the amount of sales and use tax or privilege tax due on the fuel under this Chapter,
 35 as determined in accordance with G.S. 105-449.107(c). An application for a refund must be
 36 made in accordance with this Part."

37 **SECTION 31.(c)** Subsection (b) of this section becomes effective October 1, 2010,
 38 and applies to motor fuel purchased on or after that date. The remainder of this section is
 39 effective when it becomes law.

40 **SECTION 32.** G.S. 105-449.108(b) reads as rewritten:

41 "(b) Requirements. – An application for ~~an annual~~ a refund allowed under this Part must
 42 be filed with the Secretary and be in the form required by the Secretary. The application must
 43 ~~state whether or not the applicant has filed a North Carolina income tax return for the preceding~~
 44 ~~taxable year. An application for a refund allowed under this Part~~ must state that the applicant
 45 has paid for the fuel for which a refund is claimed or that payment for the fuel has been secured
 46 to the seller's satisfaction. An application for an annual refund must state whether or not the
 47 applicant has filed a North Carolina income tax return for the preceding taxable year."

48 **SECTION 33.** Reserved.

49 **SECTION 34.** Reserved.

50
 51 **OTHER CHANGES**

1 **SECTION 35.** G.S. 20-81.12(b11) reads as rewritten:

2 "(b11) Animal Lovers Plates. – The Division must receive 300 or more applications before
3 an animal lovers plate may be developed. The Division shall transfer quarterly the money in the
4 Collegiate and Cultural Attraction Plate Account derived from the sale of the animal lovers
5 plate to the Spay/Neuter Account established in ~~G.S. 19A-60~~. G.S. 19A-62."

6 **SECTION 36.(a)** G.S. 55-16-22(c) reads as rewritten:

7 "(c) Due Date. – An annual report eligible to be delivered to the Secretary of Revenue is
8 due by the due date for filing the corporation's income and franchise tax returns. An extension
9 of time to file a return is an extension of time to file an annual report. At the option of the filer,
10 an annual report may be filed directly with the Secretary of State in electronic form. An annual
11 report required to be delivered to the Secretary of State is due by the fifteenth day of the ~~third~~
12 fourth month following the close of the corporation's fiscal year."

13 **SECTION 36.(b)** G.S. 57C-2-23 reads as rewritten:

14 **"§ 57C-2-23. Annual report for Secretary of State.**

15 (a) Requirement and Content. – Each domestic limited liability company other than a
16 professional limited liability company governed by G.S. 57C-2-01(c) and each foreign limited
17 liability company authorized to transact business in this State, ~~shall deliver to the Secretary of~~
18 ~~State for filing an annual report, in~~ State must file an annual report with the Secretary of State
19 on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State, that sets forth all of the following: and in the
20 manner required by the Secretary. The annual report must specify the year to which the report
21 applies and must set out the information listed in this subsection. The information must be
22 current as of the date the company completes the report. If the information in the company's
23 most recent annual report has not changed, the company may certify on its annual report that
24 the information has not changed in lieu of restating the information.

25 The following information must be included on an annual report of a limited liability
26 company:

- 27 (1) The name of the limited liability or foreign limited liability company and the
28 state or country under whose law it is formed.
- 29 (2) The street address, and the mailing address if different from the street
30 address, of the registered office, the county in which the registered office is
31 located, and the name of its registered agent at that office in this State, and a
32 statement of any change of the registered office or registered agent, or both.
- 33 (3) The address and telephone number of its principal office.
- 34 (4) The names and business addresses of its managers or, if the limited liability
35 company has never had members, its organizers.
- 36 (5) A brief description of the nature of its business.

37 ~~If the information contained in the most recently filed annual report has not changed, a~~
38 ~~certification to that effect may be made instead of setting forth the information required by~~
39 ~~subdivisions (2) through (5) of this subsection. The Secretary of State shall make available the~~
40 ~~form required to file an annual report.~~

41 ~~(b) Information in the annual report must be current as of the date the annual report is~~
42 ~~executed on behalf of the limited liability company or the foreign limited liability company.~~

43 (c) Notice and Due Date. – The Secretary of State must notify limited liability
44 companies of the annual report filing requirement. ~~The first annual report shall be delivered to~~
45 ~~the Secretary of State of a limited liability company is due~~ by April 15th of each year. the year
46 following the calendar year in which the company files its articles of organization with the
47 Secretary of State. Each subsequent annual report is due on April 15.

48 (d) Incomplete Report. – If an annual report does not contain the information required
49 by this section, the Secretary of State shall promptly notify the reporting domestic or foreign
50 limited liability company in writing and return the report to it for correction. If the report is

1 corrected to contain the information required by this section and delivered to the Secretary of
2 State within 30 days after the effective date of notice, it is deemed to be timely filed.

3 (e) Amendments. – Amendments to any previously filed annual report may be filed
4 with the Secretary of State at any time for the purpose of correcting, updating, or augmenting
5 the information contained in the annual report."

6 **SECTION 36.(c)** A limited liability company that was formed on or after
7 September 1, 2001, but before January 1, 2010, and has filed an annual report for each calendar
8 year after the calendar year in which it was formed is not required to file any additional annual
9 reports for those years. A limited liability company that was formed on or after January 1,
10 2010, but before April 15, 2010, is not required to file an annual report until April 15, 2011. A
11 limited liability company that has filed more annual reports than is required under this section
12 is not allowed a refund of the annual report filing fee paid for filing the unnecessary report but
13 is not required to pay the annual report filing fee when filing the annual report due April 15,
14 2011. The Secretary of State must provide a place on the annual report form for calendar year
15 2011 for a limited liability company to designate that it is not subject to the 2011 annual report
16 filing fee in accordance with this section. The Secretary must also provide instructions that
17 explain why some limited liability companies are subject to the 2011 annual report filing fee
18 and some are not.

19 **SECTION 36.(d)** This section is effective when it becomes law.

20 **SECTION 37.(a)** G.S. 143B-437.012(j) reads as rewritten:

21 "(j) Agreement. – Unless the Secretary of Commerce determines that the project is no
22 longer eligible or appropriate for a grant under this section, the Department shall enter into an
23 agreement to provide a grant or grants for a project recommended by the Committee. Each
24 grant agreement is binding and constitutes a continuing contractual obligation of the State and
25 the business. The grant agreement shall include the performance criteria, remedies, and other
26 safeguards recommended by the Committee or required by the Department.

27 Each grant agreement ~~for a business that is a major employer under subdivision (1) of~~
28 ~~subsection (d) of this section~~ shall contain a provision prohibiting a business from receiving a
29 payment or other benefit under the agreement at any time when the business has received a
30 notice of an overdue tax debt and the overdue tax debt has not been satisfied or otherwise
31 resolved. Each grant agreement for a business that is a major employer under subdivision (1) of
32 subsection (d) of this section shall contain a provision requiring the business to maintain the
33 employment level at the project that is the subject of the agreement that is the lesser of the level
34 it had at the time it applied for a grant under this section or that it had at the time that the
35 investment required under subsection (d) of this section began. For the purposes of this
36 subsection, the employment level includes full-time employees and equivalent full-time
37 contract employees. The agreement shall further specify that the amount of a grant shall be
38 reduced in proportion to the extent the business fails to maintain employment at this level and
39 that the business shall not be eligible for a grant in any year in which its employment level is
40 less than eighty percent (80%) of that required.

41 Each grant agreement for a business that is a large manufacturing employer under
42 subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of this section shall contain a provision requiring the business
43 to maintain the employment level required under that subdivision at the project that is the
44 subject of the grant. The agreement shall further specify that the business is not eligible for a
45 grant in any year in which the business fails to maintain the employment level.

46 A grant agreement may obligate the State to make a series of grant payments over a period
47 of up to 10 years. Nothing in this section constitutes or authorizes a guarantee or assumption by
48 the State of any debt of any business or authorizes the taxing power or the full faith and credit
49 of the State to be pledged.

50 The Department shall cooperate with the Attorney General's office in preparing the
51 documentation for the grant agreement. The Attorney General shall review the terms of all

1 proposed agreements to be entered into under this section. To be effective against the State, an
2 agreement entered into under this section shall be signed personally by the Attorney General."

3 **SECTION 37.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2010.

4 **SECTION 38.(a)** G.S. 143B-437.012(l)(4) reads as rewritten:

5 "(4) Ninety-five percent (95%) of the sales and use taxes paid on
6 ~~electricity, electricity~~ and the excise tax paid on piped natural gas, ~~and the~~
7 ~~privilege tax paid on other fuel for electricity, piped natural gas, and other~~
8 ~~fuel consumed at the project that is the subject of the agreement.gas."~~

9 **SECTION 38.(b)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2010.

10 **SECTION 39.** G.S. 159-107(e) reads as rewritten:

11 "(e) ~~Increment Agreements.~~—Effect of Annexation on District Established by a County.
12 – If a city annexes land in a development financing district established by a county pursuant to
13 G.S. 158-7.3, the proceeds of all taxes levied by the city on property within the district shall be
14 paid to the city unless the city enters into an agreement with the county pursuant to this
15 subsection, and the annexed land in the county's district that subsequently becomes a part of the
16 city does not count against the city's five-percent (5%) limit under G.S. 158-7.3 or
17 G.S. 160A-515.1 unless the city and the county enter into an agreement pursuant to this section.
18 The city and the county may enter into an increment agreement under which the city agrees that
19 city taxes on part or all of the incremental valuation in the district shall be paid into the revenue
20 increment fund for the district. An increment agreement may be entered into when the district is
21 established or at any time after the district is established. The increment agreement may extend
22 for the duration of the district or for a shorter time agreed to by the parties."

23 **SECTION 40.** G.S. 160A-239.4(b) reads as rewritten:

24 "(b) Assessments Pledged. – An assessment imposed under this Article may be pledged
25 to secure revenue bonds under ~~G.S. 153A-210.6~~G.S. 160A-239.6 or as additional security for a
26 project development financing debt instrument under G.S. 159-111. If an assessment imposed
27 under this Article is pledged to secure financing, the city council must covenant to enforce the
28 payment of the assessments."

29 **SECTION 41.** G.S. 160A-613(b) is repealed.

30 **SECTION 42.** Section 27A.3(c) of S.L. 2009-451 is repealed.

31 **SECTION 43.** Section 7(c) of S.L. 2007-383, as amended by Section 1(d) of S.L.
32 2008-134 and S.L. 2009-90, reads as rewritten:

33 "**SECTION 7.(c)** Notwithstanding G.S. 62A-43, the charge imposed by that section does
34 not apply to prepaid wireless telephone service for the 2008, 2009, ~~and 2010 calendar years.~~
35 2010, and 2011 calendar years."

36 **SECTION 44.** Reserved.

37 38 **EFFECTIVE DATE**

39 **SECTION 45.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
40 law.