

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 891\*  
Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/97  
Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 4/29/97

Short Title: Workers' Compensation Medical Care.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

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Referred to:

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April 7, 1997

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT REGARDING  
3 EMPLOYER ACCESS TO MEDICAL INFORMATION.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

5 Section 1. G.S. 97-25 reads as rewritten:

6 "**§ 97-25. Medical treatment and supplies.**

7 Medical compensation shall be provided by the employer. Notwithstanding the  
8 provisions of G.S. 8-53, any law relating to the privacy of medical records or  
9 information, and the prohibition against ex parte communications at common law, an  
10 employer paying medical compensation to a provider rendering treatment under this  
11 Chapter may obtain records of the treatment without the express authorization of the  
12 employee. The Commission shall adopt rules that govern additional methods of oral and  
13 written communications between an employer paying compensation under this Chapter  
14 and medical care providers. These rules shall protect the employee's right to a  
15 confidential physician-patient relationship, while facilitating the release of information  
16 necessary to the administration of the employee's claim. In case of a controversy arising  
17 between the employer and employee relative to the continuance of medical, surgical,

1 hospital, or other treatment, the Industrial Commission may order such further treatments  
2 as may in the discretion of the Commission be necessary.

3 The Commission may at any time upon the request of an employee order a change of  
4 treatment and designate other treatment suggested by the injured employee subject to the  
5 approval of the Commission, and in such a case the expense thereof shall be borne by the  
6 employer upon the same terms and conditions as hereinbefore provided in this section for  
7 medical and surgical treatment and attendance.

8 The refusal of the employee to accept any medical, hospital, surgical or other  
9 treatment or rehabilitative procedure when ordered by the Industrial Commission shall  
10 bar said employee from further compensation until such refusal ceases, and no  
11 compensation shall at any time be paid for the period of suspension unless in the opinion  
12 of the Industrial Commission the circumstances justified the refusal, in which case, the  
13 Industrial Commission may order a change in the medical or hospital service.

14 If in an emergency on account of the employer's failure to provide the medical or  
15 other care as herein specified a physician other than provided by the employer is called to  
16 treat the injured employee, the reasonable cost of such service shall be paid by the  
17 employer if so ordered by the Industrial Commission.

18 Provided, however, if he so desires, an injured employee may select a physician of his  
19 own choosing to attend, prescribe and assume the care and charge of his case, subject to  
20 the approval of the Industrial Commission."

21 Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.